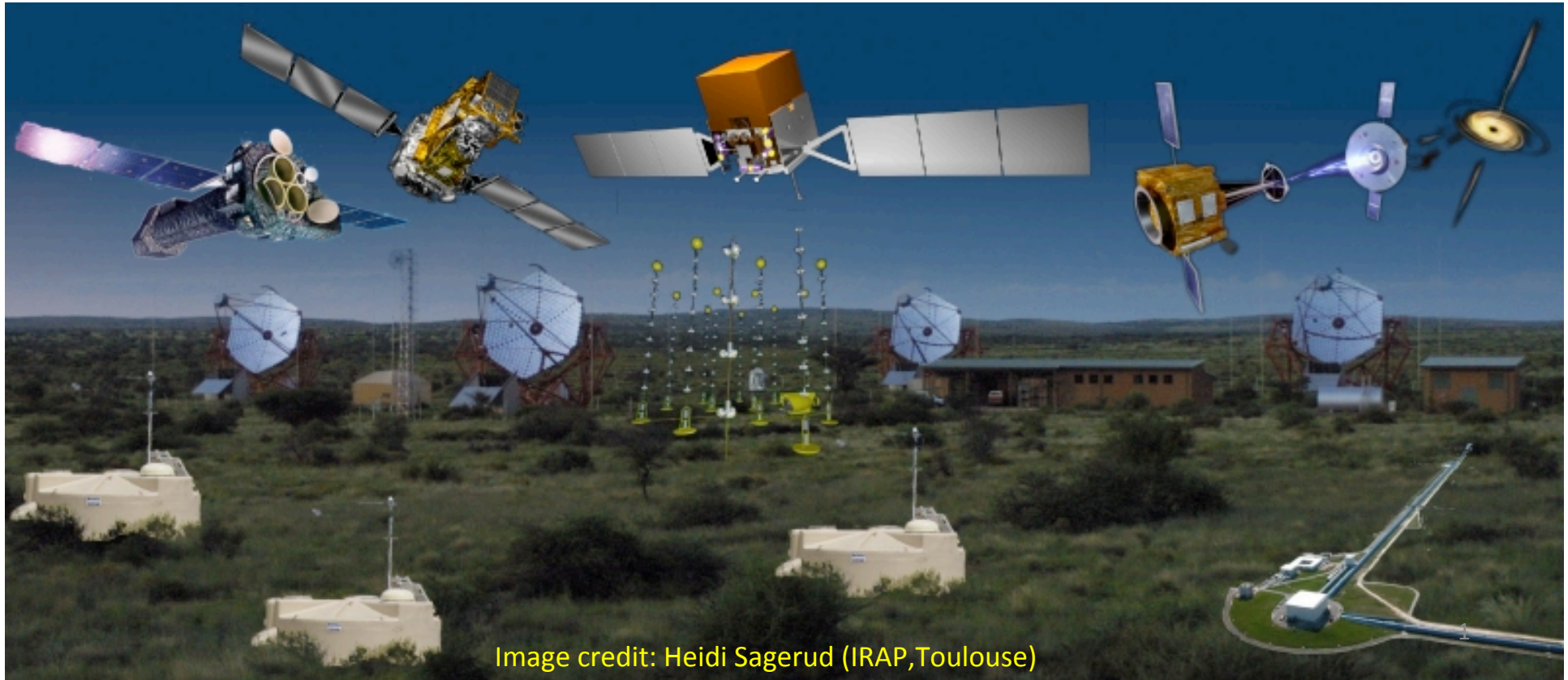


ANTARES/KM3Net Neutrino Alert System

Jürgen Brunner
CPPM



The ANTARES Neutrino Telescope

12 lines
25 storeys/line
3 PMs/storey



14.5 m

40 km of cable

~ 70 m

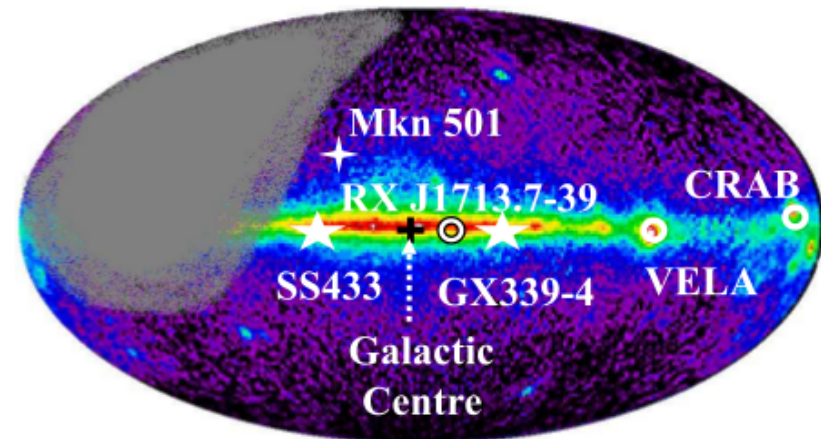
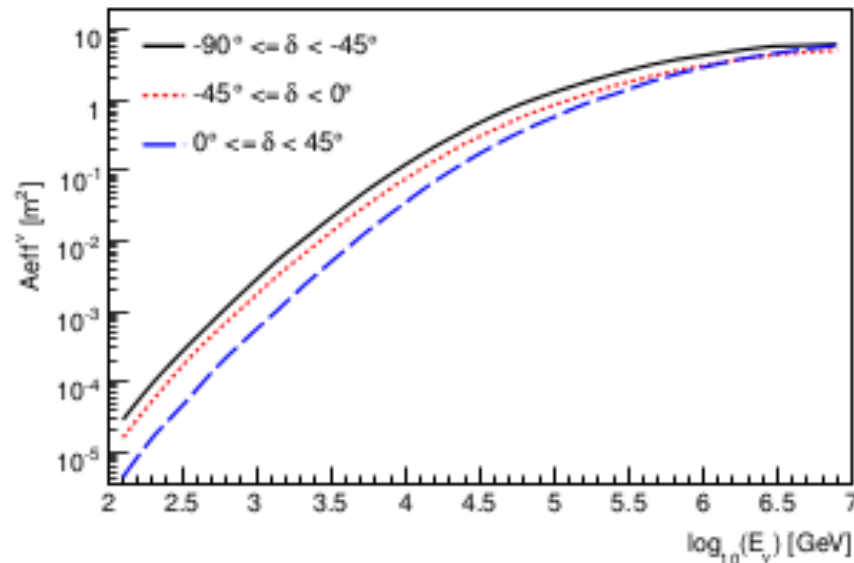
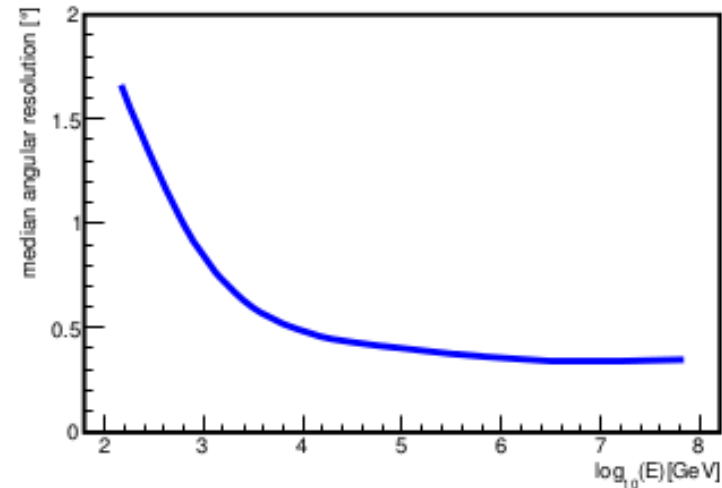
Depth: 2500 m



Shore station

ANTARES performance

- 12-lines data taking since 2008
- ~ 10000 neutrinos
- Angular resolution: $0.3 - 0.4^\circ$
- Effective area: $\sim 1\text{m}^2$ (30 TeV)
- Visibility: $\frac{3}{4}$ of the sky, majority of the galactic plane
- Real-time data processing

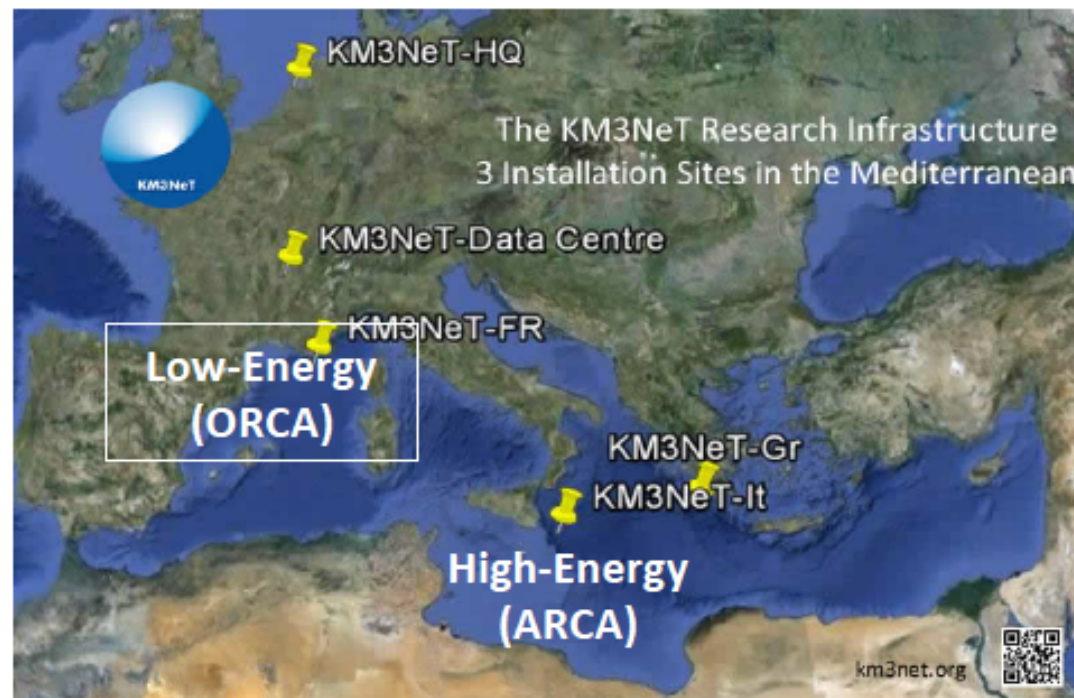


KM3NeT

KM3NeT is a distributed research infrastructure with 3 main science topics:

- The origin of cosmic neutrinos (high energy)
- Measurement of fundamental neutrino properties (low energy)
- Deep Sea Observatory - Oceanography, bioacoustics, bioluminescence, seismology

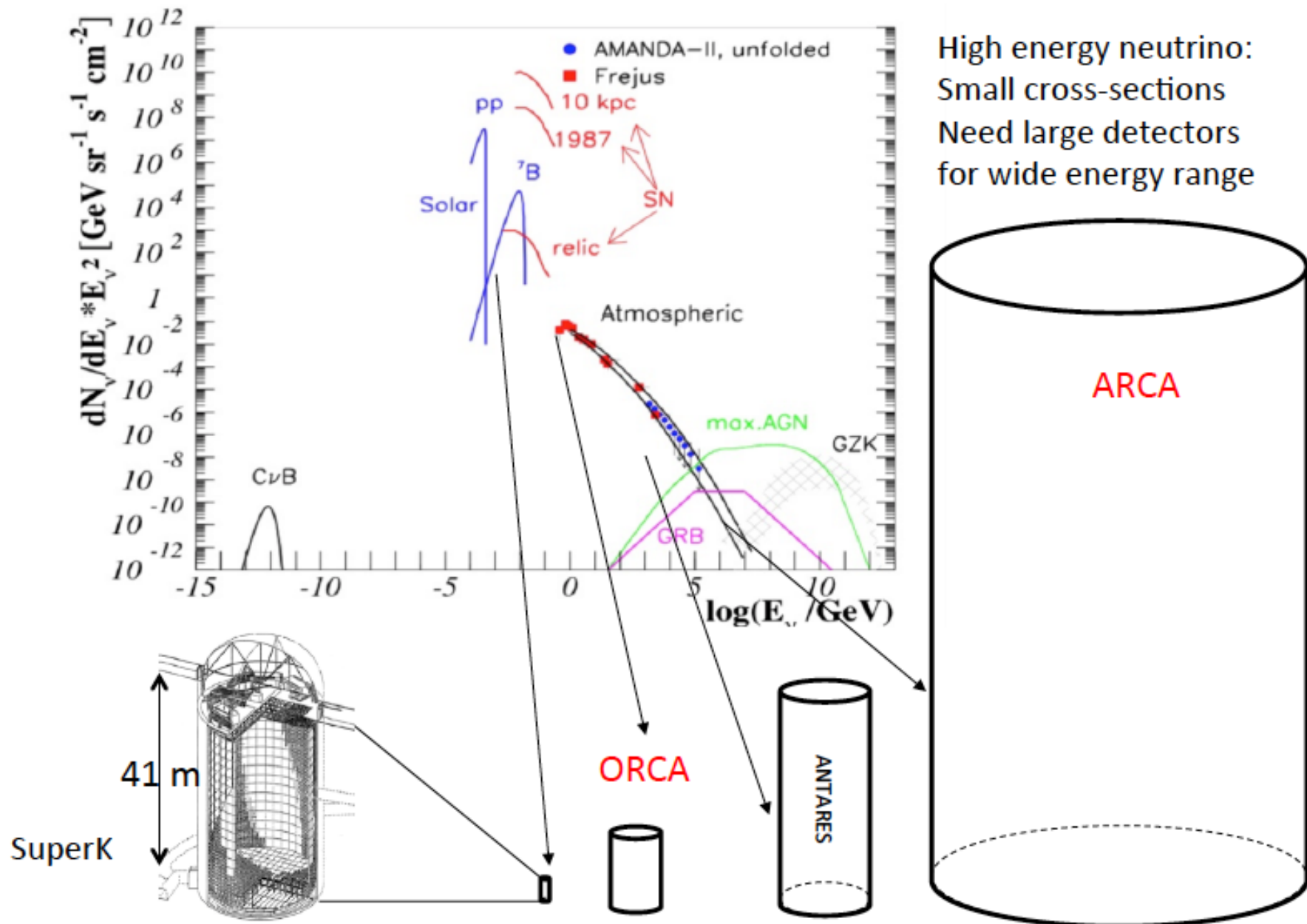
Single Collaboration
Single Technology
Single Management



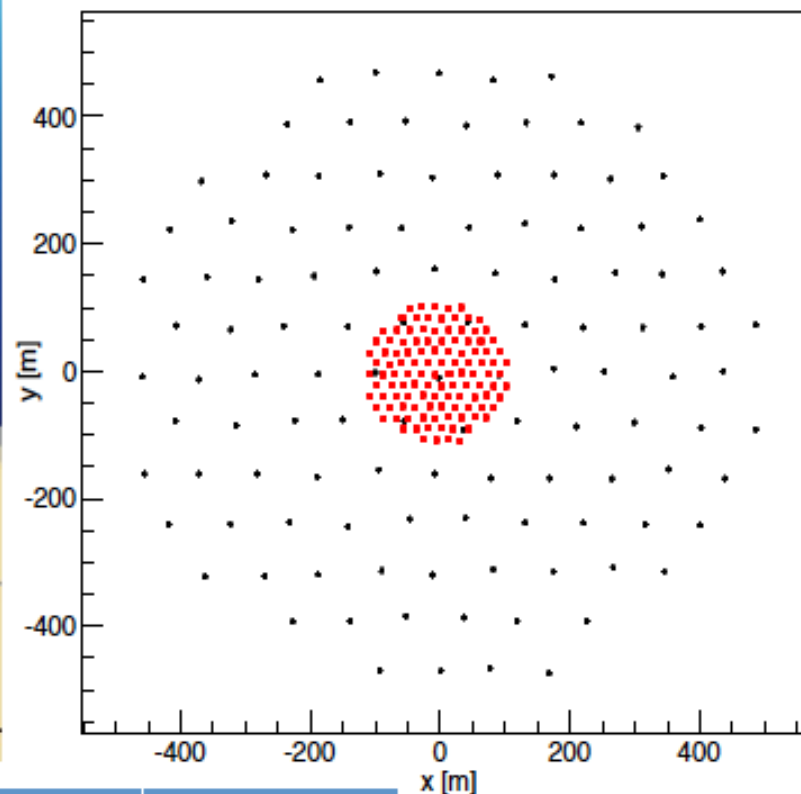
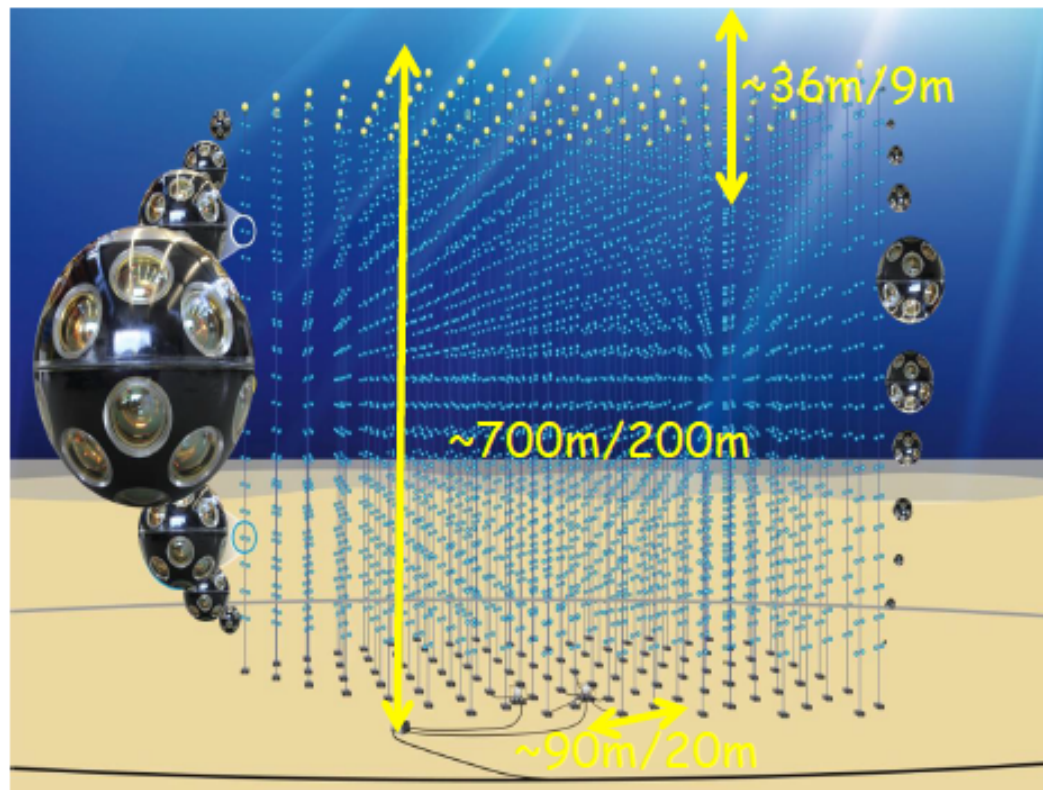
ARCA- Astroparticle Research with Cosmics in the Abyss

ORCA- Oscillation Research with Cosmics in the Abyss

From MeV ν to PeV ν



KM3NeT Building Block (115 strings)



	ARCA	ORCA
Location	Italy	France
String distance (m)	90	20
DOM spacing (m)	36	9
Volume (Mton)	500	3.8

KM3NeT Timeline

KM3NeT Technical Design Report[¶]

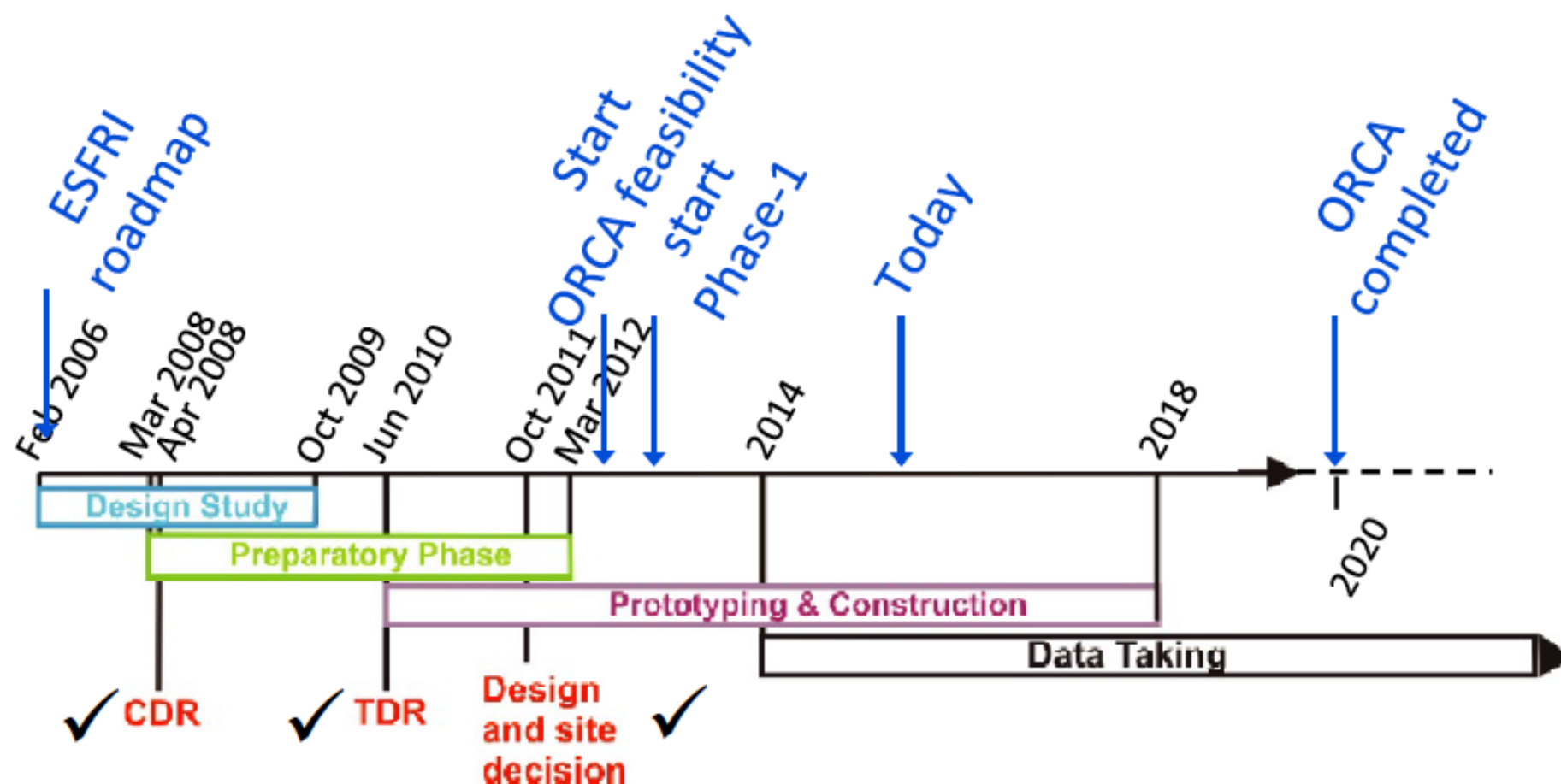


Figure 10-1: Overall time schedule of the KM3NeT project.

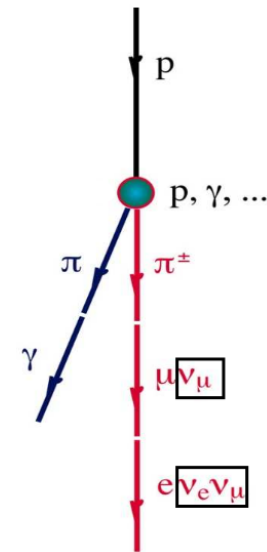
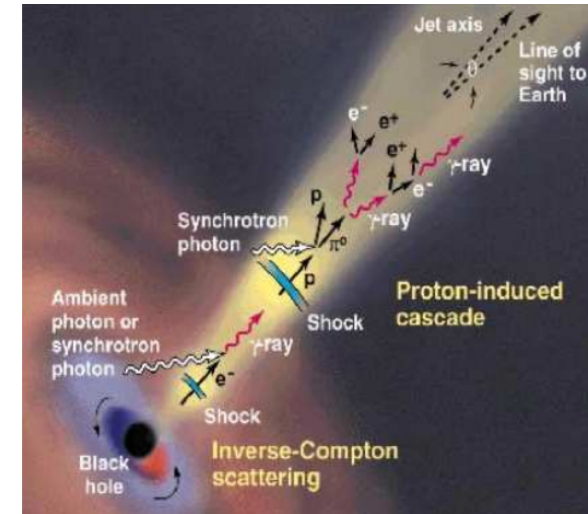
[¶] Deliverable of EU-funded Design Study.

Why Neutrinos ?

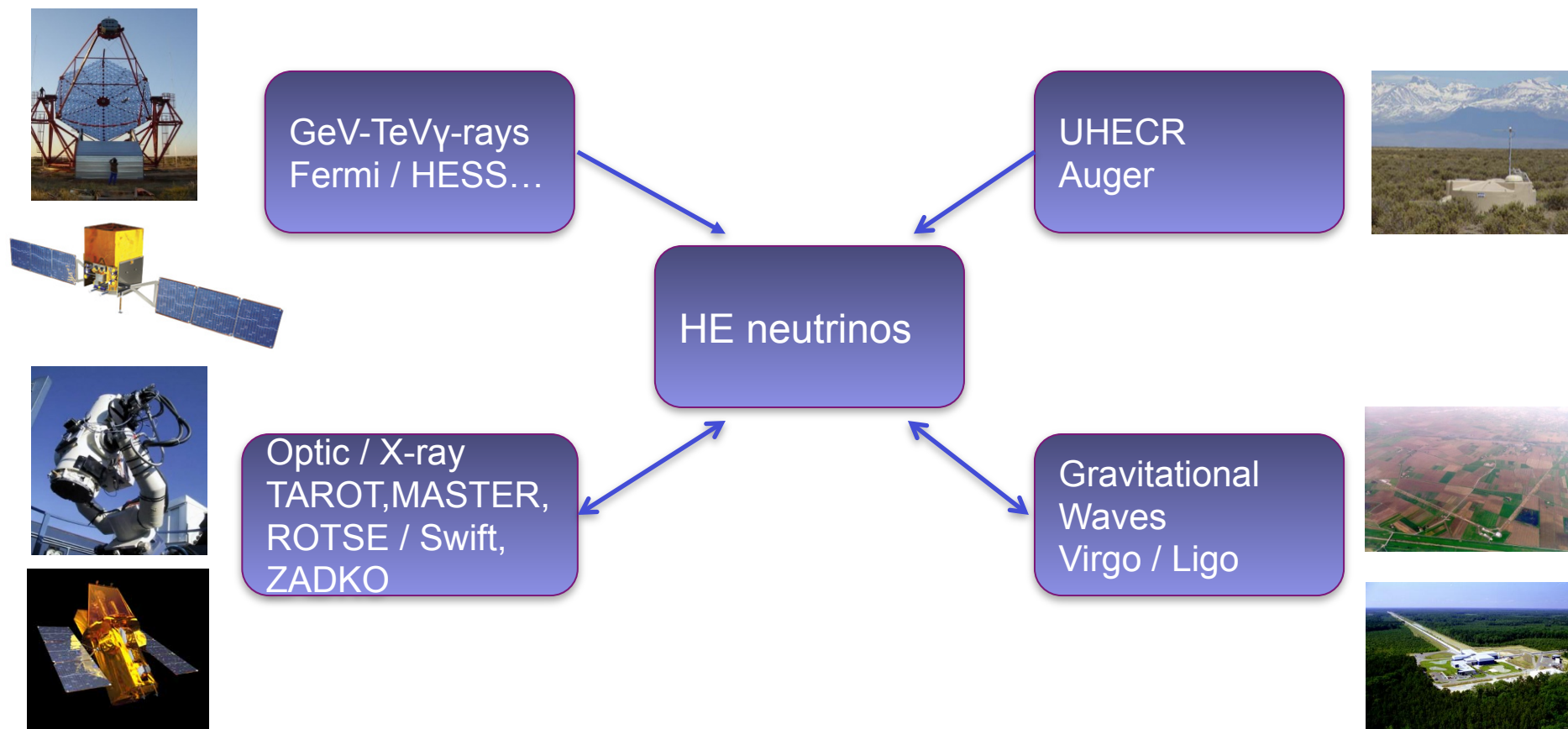
- Link between CR / γ / ν :
 - CRs and UHECRs origin?
 - Hadronic , leptonic or lepto-hadronic models?
 - Jet composition?

Cosmic neutrinos:

- Neutrinos possibly produced in the interaction of high energy nucleons with matter or radiation
- If **hadronic mechanisms**:
 - Simultaneous emitters of neutrinos and photons
- Detection from a cosmic source would be a direct evidence of hadronic scenario



Multi-messenger programs online and offline



Real Time Alert Sending

Follow-up of the neutrino alerts
with optical telescopes

[TAROT, ZADKO, MASTER, PTF]

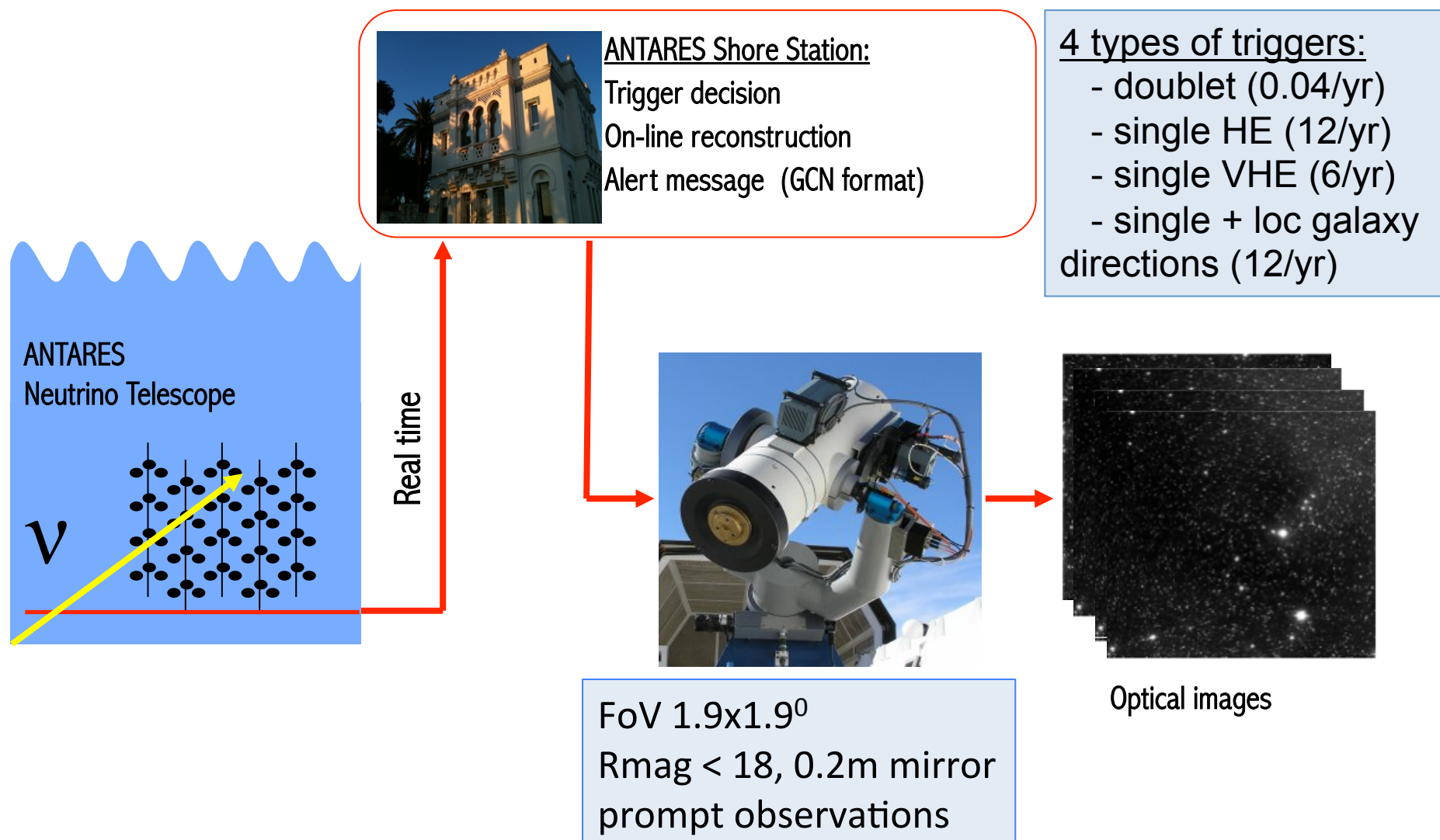
X-ray telescope

[Swift/XRT]

Gamma-Ray telescope

[HESS, VERITAS, MAGIC]

Antares Followup scheme



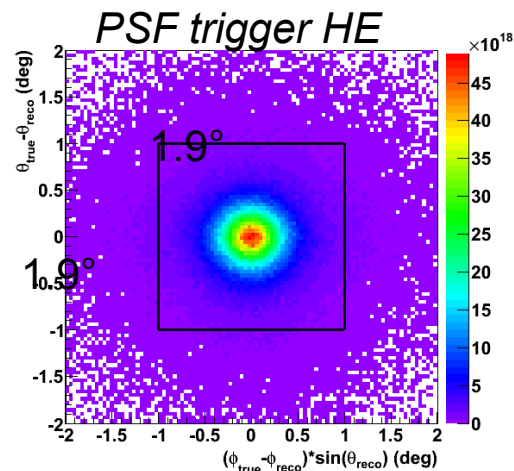
Alerts for Optical Followup

Online processing:

- Triggering & online reconstruction: $\sim 3-5$ s
 - Alert transmission: $\sim 1-10$ s depending on the telescope response
 - Telescope slewing: $\sim 1-5$ s
-

Minimum delay between the 1st image and the neutrino: ~ 20 s

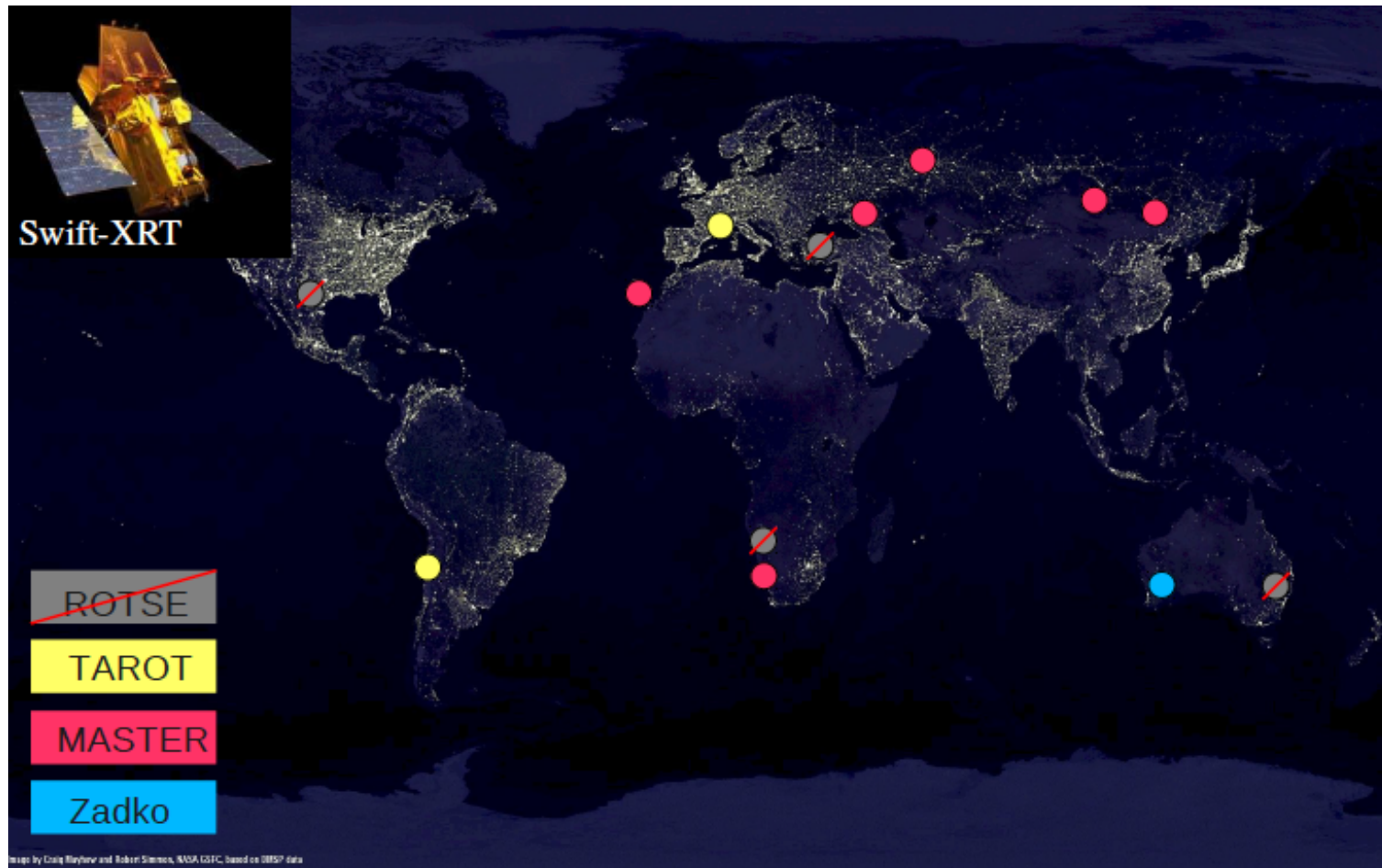
Angular performances:



Trigger	Angular resolution	Fraction events in fov	Muon contamination	Mean energy
HE	0.25-0.3°	96% (GRB) 68% (SN)	<0.1%	~ 7 TeV
Directional	0.3-0.4°	90% (GRB) 50% (SN)	$\sim 2\%$	~ 1 TeV

Average rate : 2 alerts per month

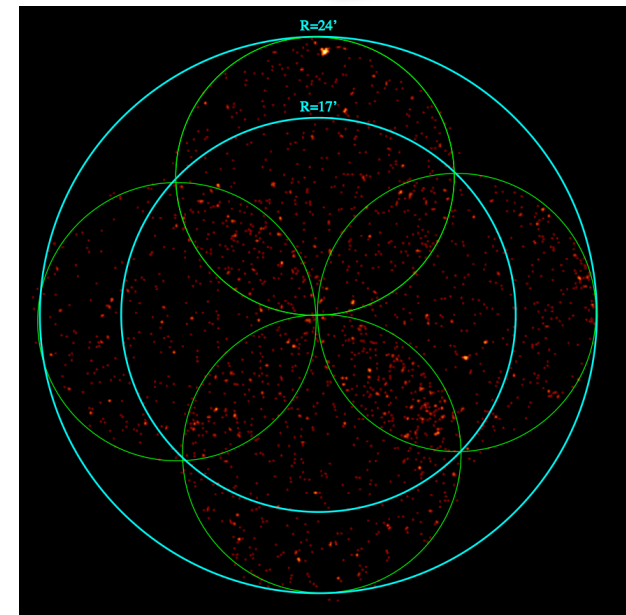
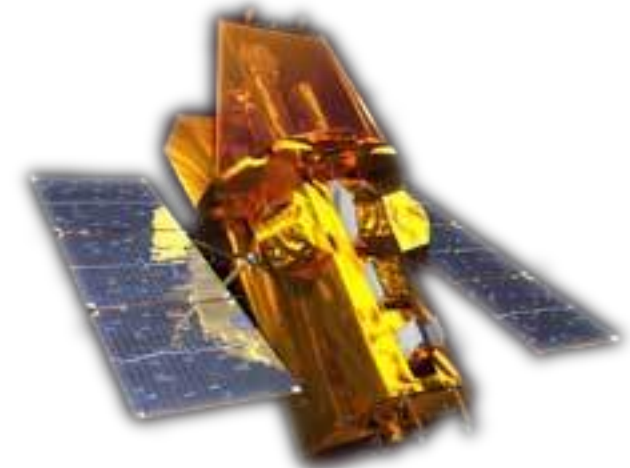
Followup Optical Telescopes



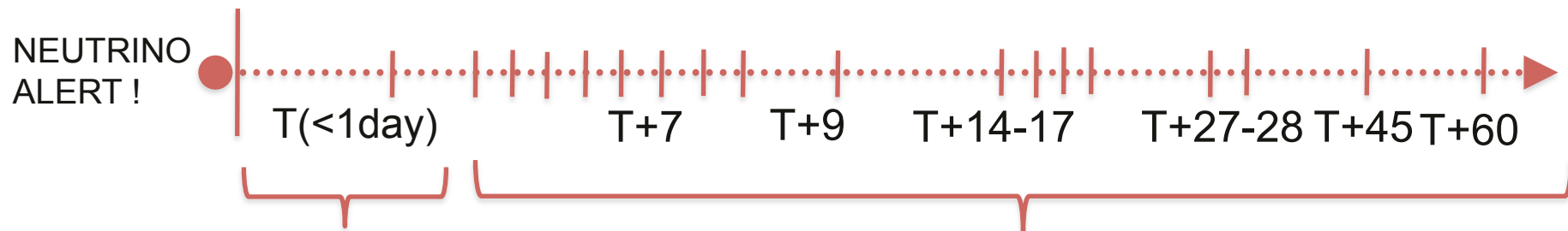
X-Ray Followup with Swift - ANTARES

- ✓ 6 alerts per year
- ✓ sub-sample of High Energy event
- ✓ Average Neutrino energy 50 TeV
- ✓ PSF : ~ 20 arcmin
- ✓ Delay of observation ~ 6 h
- ✓ Image: 2 x 2 tiles of 2ks exposure each
 - \Rightarrow Sensitivity: $2 \cdot 10^{-13}$ erg/cm²/s
 - \Rightarrow 4 tiles cover 48 arcmin fov

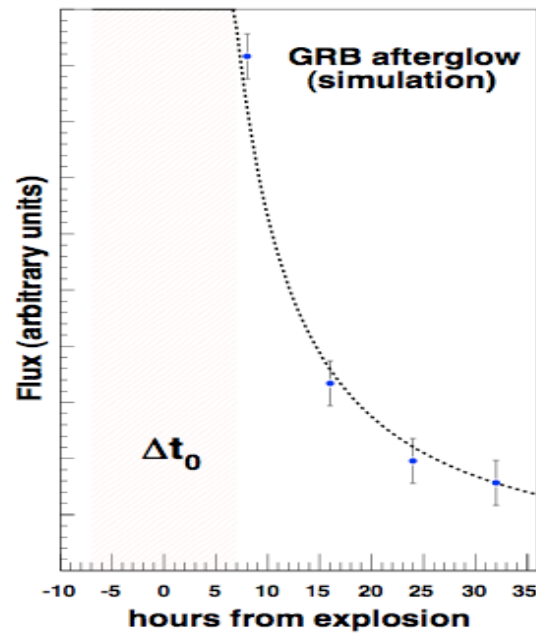
Further observation if variable object
above ROSAT catalogue limit is found



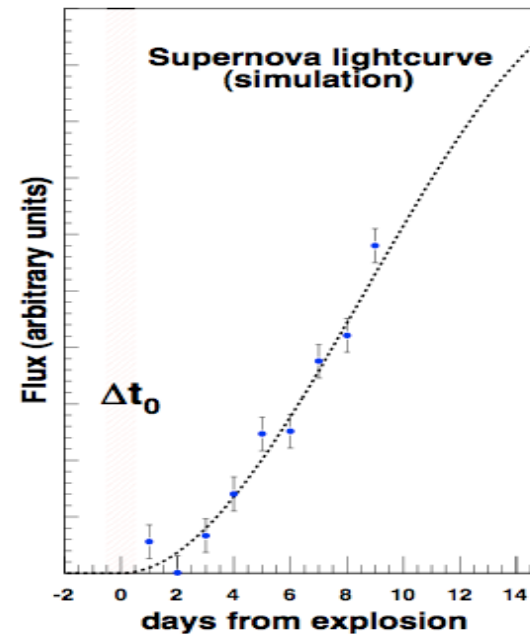
ANTARES-Tarot: observation strategy



Prompt observations



Follow-up observations

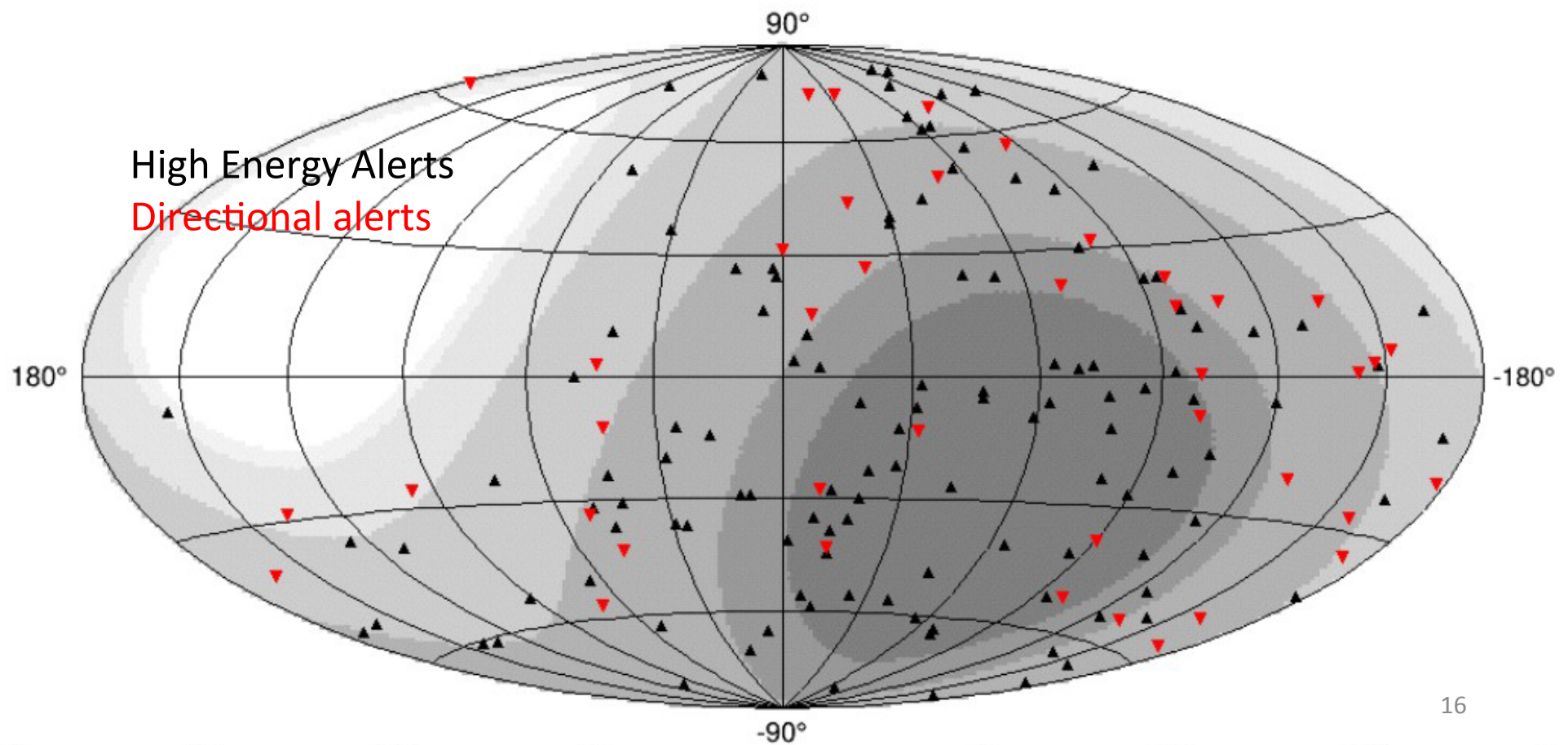


Alert summary

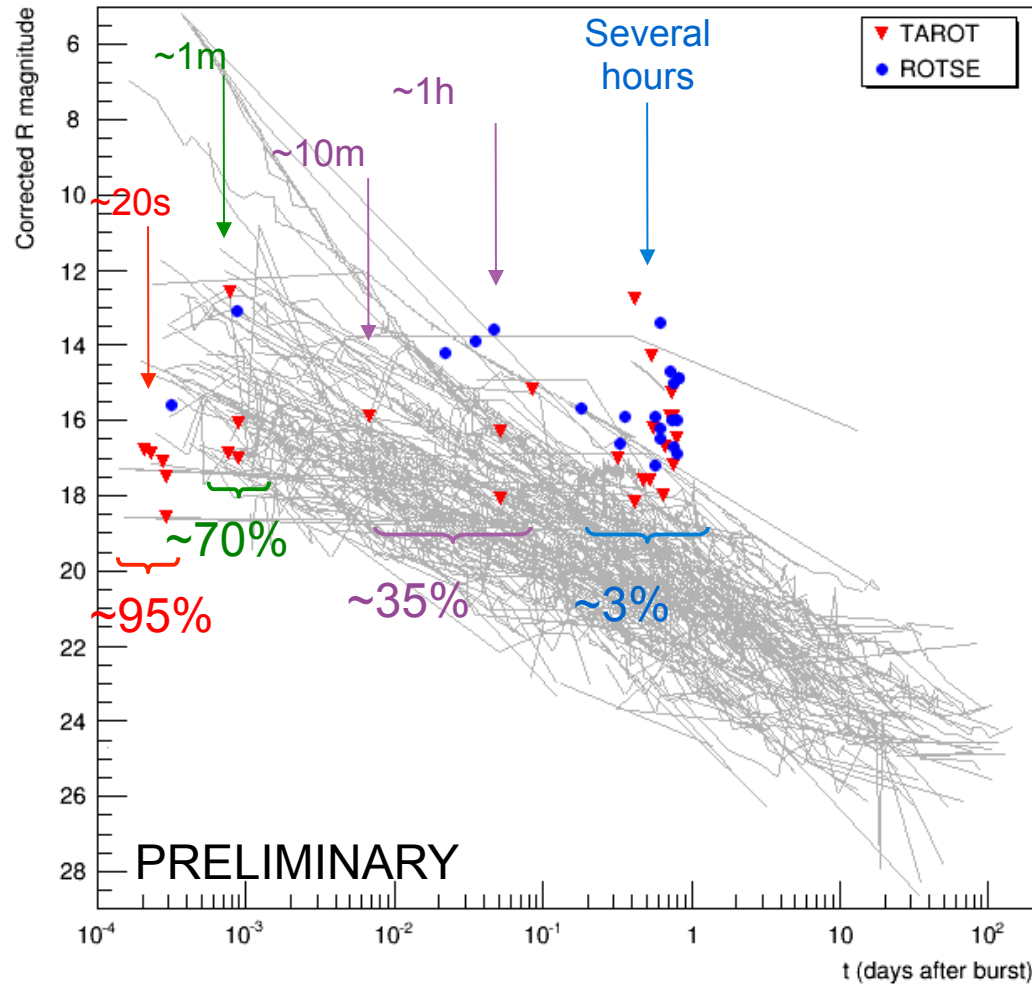
Antares since 2009

165 to optical telescopes

10 to Swift



ANTARES: GRB search results



→ Comparison with optical afterglow light curves

Grey:

158 optical afterglow lightcurves detected from 1997 to 2014 (Kann).

Fast followup:
GRB excluded

Slow followup:
no constraint

ANTARES: GRB search in X-Ray

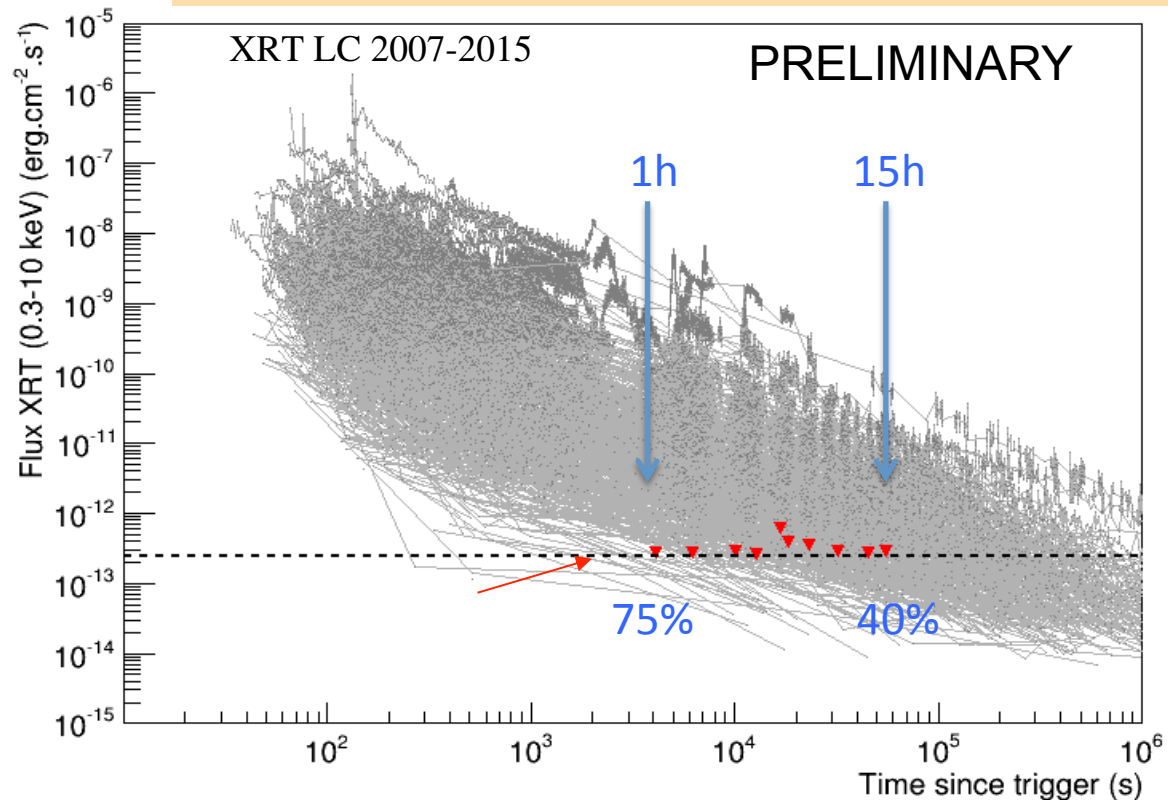
→ 10 alerts sent to Swift

→ No X-ray counterpart associated to our neutrino alerts

→ Upper limits on transient sources magnitude

Time to send the alert: ~ 20 s

Time to process the alert by XRT: few hours



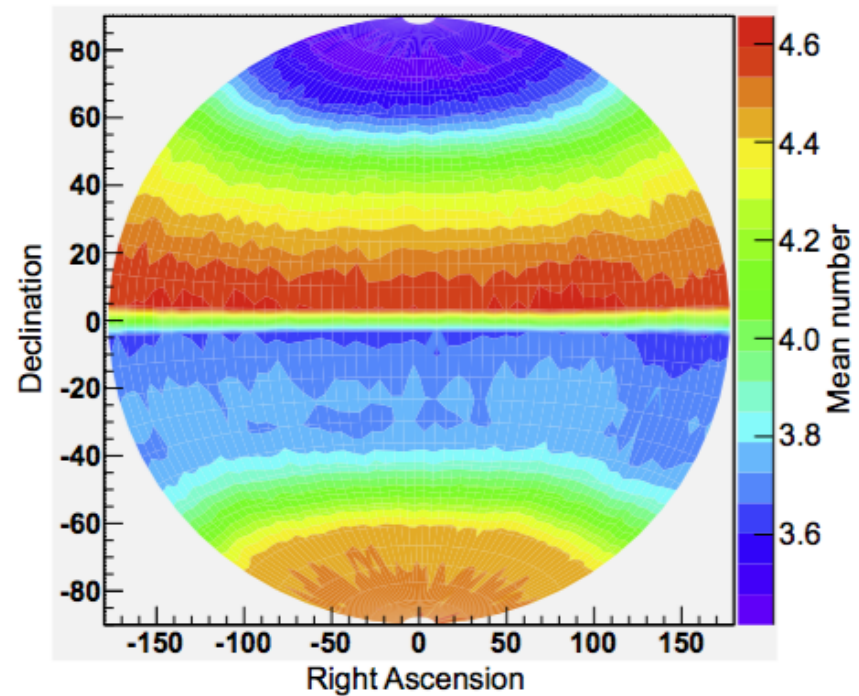
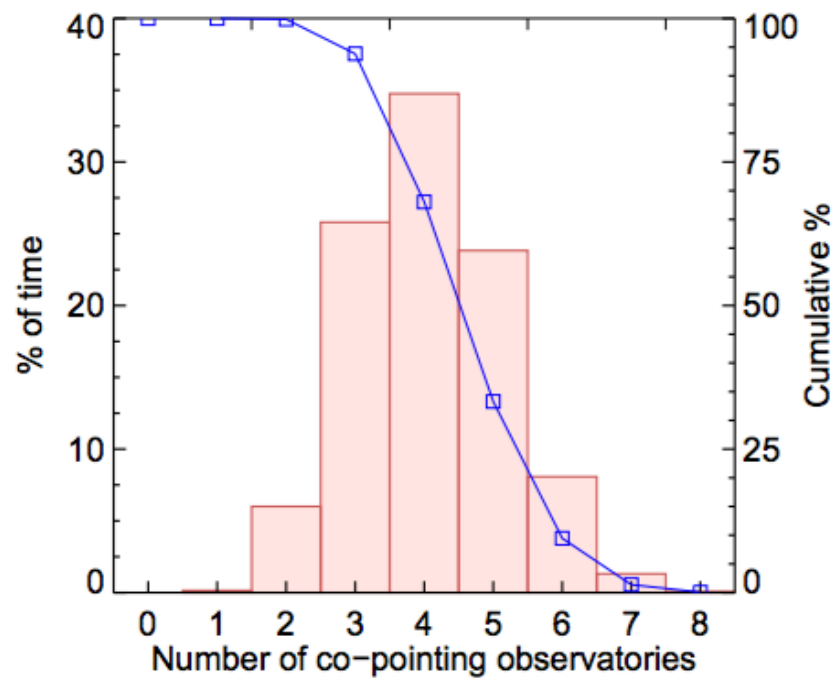
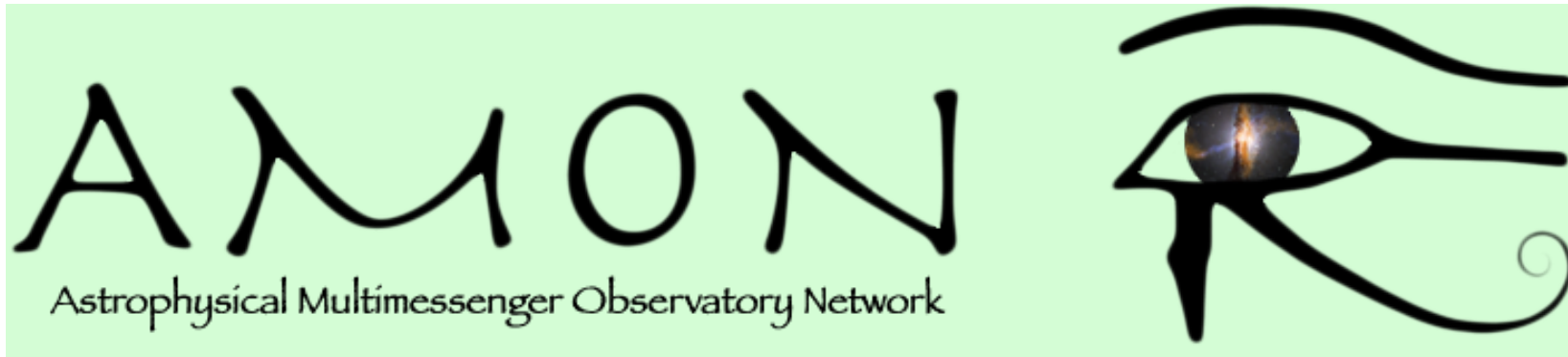
689 X-ray afterglow light curves detected by Swift/XRT from 2007 to 2015

Recent Alert ANTARES → Swift

- 01/09/2015 07:38
- High Energy event
 - By construction 1 of 6 highest energetic events of the year (defined by alert rate)
- Energy estimate: 50-100 TeV
- Sent to Swift & Master
- Observation after 9h Swift XRT, 10h MASTER
- Non catalogued X-Ray source found above ROSAT limit
→ ATel #7987 , GCN #18231
- X-Ray source coincides with star
 - USNO-B1 : 0626-0501169 (Rmag = 12.6)


Multi Wavelength Observations

- 11 ATels & 5 GCN circulars within few days
- Optical
 - MASTER, Pan-STARRS
- Infrared/Optic (spectral analysis)
 - NOT, SALT, WiFES, CAHA, Kepler 2, CAHA, LSGT, Nishi-Harina NIR, VLT/X-Shooter
- X-Ray
 - GBM, MAXI, Integral
- Radio
 - Jansky VLA
- Gamma Ray
 - Contact with Fermi-LAT, HESS, HAWK



Concept : Combine several sub-threshold (multi-messenger) observations into significant signal

AMON : Status of Participation

Observatories with AMON MoU	Stream content & format	TLS certificate	Test stream (fake data)	Test steam (real data scrambled)	Real data stream
IceCube Singlet	✓	✓	✓	✓	In progress
IceCube HESE	✓	✓	✓	✓	In progress
IceCube EHE	✓	✓	In progress		
ANTARES	✓	In progress			
Auger	✓	✓	In progress		
HAWC	In progress				
VERITAS	In progress				
MASTER	In progress				
FACT	In progress				
Swift BAT	✓	Not needed	Not needed	Not needed	In progress
Fermi	✓	Not needed	Not needed	Not needed	In progress

Informations provided

- Every neutrino defined by the following values
 - Sky position with its error ellipse
 - time
 - Energy with associated error
 - Topology (cascade/track)
 - Signal probability → false alarm rate
 - difficult to define, context-dependent
- Global data defining the experiment
 - position
 - Effective area = $f(E, \text{decl})$ or $f(E, \text{zenith})$
 - Atmospheric neutrino rate = $f(E, \text{decl})$

Possible data streams

- Real time
 - All neutrino candidates
 - High energy subset
 - Multiplets (none so far)
 - Matching with other catalogues (e.g. close galaxies)
- Archive (typical delay : several years)
 - Data set used for a given published analysis
 - Point source search
 - Diffuse flux search
 - Transient searches